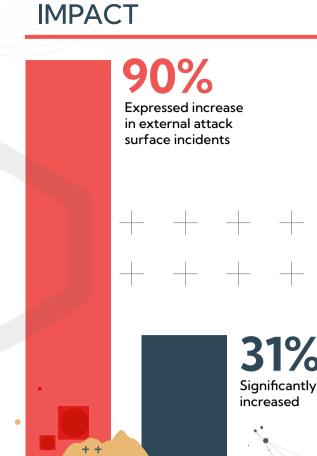
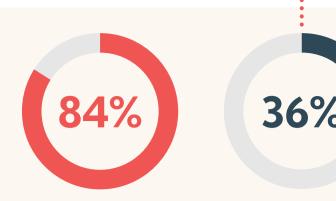
2024 State of Attack Surface Threat Intelligence



CONTRIBUTING FACTORS



Expressed increase in external attack surface dynamics/changes that caused security issues

Expressed significant attack surface changes





Increase in remote/hybrid work and BYOD

59% Adoption of new technologies (e.g. cloud, IoT)

Expansion or change in cloud services and technologies

56%

Expansion or change in applications (e.g., web apps or APIs)

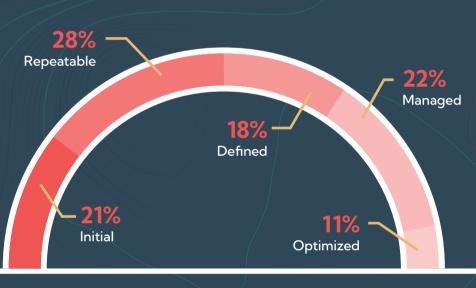
34%

Expansion or change in third-party/vendor relationship

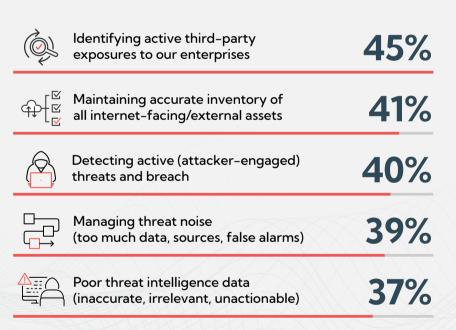
ASM PROGRAM MATURITY

Nearly half of attack surface management (ASM) programs (processes and defenses) are early stage and only 33% are maturely managed (as per NIST maturity model)





CHALLENGES



INTELLIGENCE EFFECTIVENESS

Majority find the ASM threat

intelligence data varies in relevance or substantiation - mostly used to enrich investigation after discovery

Useful

28%

Nominally useful

66%

Not useful 6%

seeking multi-source, curated, prioritized threat intelligence over aggregation platforms (54%) and industry exchanges (51%)

EXPECTED TRENDS



(TI, EASM, CASSM)

threat response

simplification

Top 5 trends perceived to significantly improve external attack surface programs and threat intelligence capabilities

Broader integration (SOAR, SIEM, XDR)



Threat intelligence source reduction

NEAR-TERM OBJECTIVES Accelerate identification and remediation times Achieve a complete & accurate inventory of internet-facing assets Enhance proactive remediation measures

EXPECTED INVESTMENT Anticipate increased O budget 40% anticipate an increase of over 20% for attack surface threat intelligence tools.

Obtain the full report at

Top 3 goals to advance external attack surface programs and use of threat intelligence tools

TacitRed