

Open Pit Mineral Resources (oxide and fresh mineralization)

Classification	Cut-off Grade Au g/t	Tonnes (x1000)	Grade Au g/t	Ounces Troy Au (x1000)
Indicated	0.5	6,645	2.1	457
Inferred	0.5	3,410	2.7	294

Open Pit Mineral Resources (oxide mineralization)

Classification	Cut-off Grade Au g/t	Tonnes (x1000)	Grade Au g/t	Ounces Troy Au (x1000)
Indicated	0.5	4,500	1.9	272
Inferred	0.5	765	1.8	44

Open Pit Mineral Resources (fresh mineralization)

Classification	Cut-off Grade Au g/t	Tonnes (x1000)	Grade Au g/t	Ounces Troy Au (x1000)
Indicated	0.5	2,145	2.7	185
Inferred	0.5	2,645	2.9	250

Underground Mineral Resources (fresh mineralization)

Classification	Cut-off Grade Au g/t	Tonnes (x1000)	Grade Au g/t	Ounces Troy Au (x1000)
Inferred	3.5	885	5.3	152

Total Mineral Resources (oxide and fresh mineralization; open pit and underground)

Classification	Cut-off Grade Au g/t	Tonnes (x1000)	Grade Au g/t	Ounces Troy Au (x1000)
Indicated	0.5	6,645	2.1	457
Inferred	0.5, 3.5	4,295	3.2	446

Notes:

1. Open pit mineral resources contain oxide and fresh mineralization within an optimized shell and constrained within a mineralized wireframe.

2. An optimized Whittle pit shell was estimated with the following indicative parameters:

(a) USD \$1,311 (AUD \$1,850) / troy ounce;

(b) Metallurgical recoveries of 95% oxide and 90% fresh;

(c) SGs applied: Oxide 2.40 t/m³ and fresh 2.85 t/m³ based on measurements taken on drill core;

(d) USD \$2.40 / tonne mining cost for oxide and USD \$3.68 / tonne for fresh;

(e) USD \$17.00 / tonne oxide and USD \$19.00 / tonne fresh processing cost; and

(f) USD \$3.00 / tonne general and administrative costs.

3. Underground mineral resources contain fresh mineralization outside the optimized shell. Underground resources are constrained to discrete areas of contiguous mineralization. NB: cut-off grade for underground resource has been increased from 2.0 Au g/t to 3.5 Au g/t for the Beatons Creek Technical Report.

4. Columns may not total due to rounding.

5. One troy ounce is equal to 31.1034768 grams.

(Figure 4: Beatons Creek Technical Report summary.)